



# Cleanliness & hygiene – Consumers' understanding and washing & cleaning habits at home

A.I.S.E.'s pan-European consumer habits and perceptions research





#### Research methodology & demographics

#### More than 15 years of research

Every three years since 2008, A.I.S.E. has commissioned a pan-European survey on citizens' habits and perceptions with the market research agency Human8 (previously known as Insites Consulting). The research aims to map consumers' perceptions about the cleaning and hygiene products industry, as well as to monitor the evolution of their washing, cleaning and sustainability habits at home. The fieldwork of the previous survey in 2020 was carried out in February: the survey was then partially re-run in June to establish whether and to what extent attitudes and understandings of cleanliness and hygiene may have changed during the COVID-19 pandemic.

#### **Research methodology**

2008

The research was carried out in 23 countries in Western, Southern, Eastern Europe, the Nordics, Ireland and the UK, with approximately 4600 respondents in total in February 2024. The data presented in this summary is the overall aggregated results for Europe, with some reporting by region for some topics. Per country, 200 respondents received online questionnaires – recruitment was done via panel, including men and women aged 18-65, responsible for purchasing laundry detergent products and using a washing machine to do laundry for the household.

2014

#### **Structure of this report**

This report provides the results of the 2024 research and is structured in two sections:

- Part one focuses on all aspects of cleaning and washing habits at home. Here, a 10-year comparison is made between 2024 results and 2014 (where possible).
- Part two focuses on cleanliness and hygiene perceptions and accompanying habits. Here, the 2024 data is compared with the post-pandemic June 2020 data.



2011

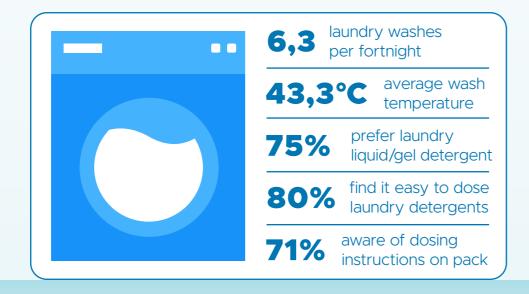


#### Section 1

# Consumers' habits when cleaning & washing at home - highlights







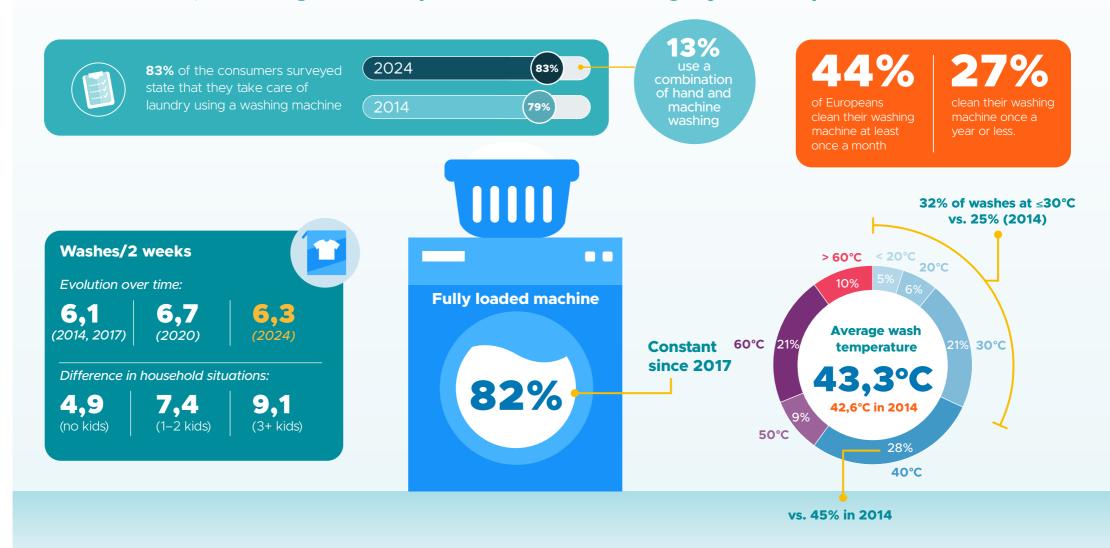




Section 1: Consumers' habits when cleaning & washing at home

#### How do consumers take care of the laundry?

The average number of washes per household in Europe has increased slightly over the past decade (following a spike in 2020) and families with children run more washloads. The washing machine is fully loaded most of the time and 60% of washes are done at 40°C or lower. However, the average wash temperature has increased slightly over the past decade.

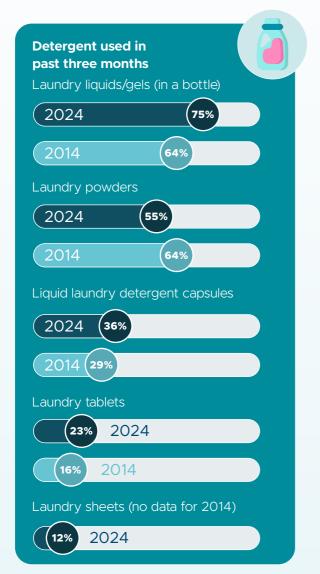


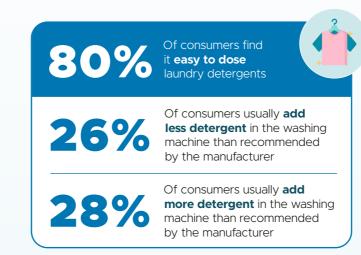


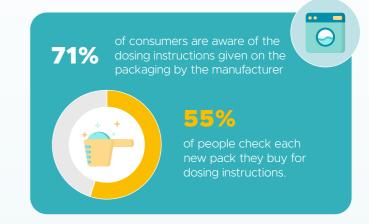
Section 1: Consumers' habits when cleaning & washing at home

#### How do consumers choose laundry detergent?

Liquids and gels are consumers' preferred product for the laundry. The vast majority find dosing easy, although about one out of four chooses to over- or under-dose.











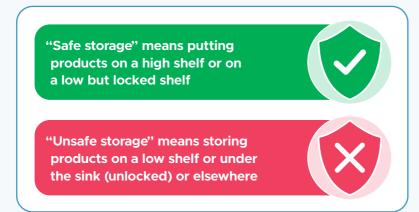


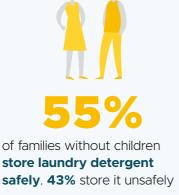
Section 1: Consumers' habits when cleaning & washing at home

#### How do consumers store products safely?

Consumers' perception of the safety of products overall has increased in the last decade. At home, people store laundry detergents as well as drain cleaners safely more often than unsafely.

#### **Storing of laundry detergents**















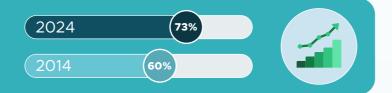
Section 1: Consumers' habits when cleaning & washing at home

#### How do consumers take care of the dishes?

More consumers own a dishwasher today than a decade ago and run the machine less than five times per week. Dishwashers are typically used more often during the day across Europe than at night. More than half of people clean their machine and filter at least monthly, and prefer to use a special detergent to clean the machine.



Significantly more consumers own a dishwasher compared to 2014, but with disparities between regions (e.g. Eastern Europe 58%, Southern Europe 81%)

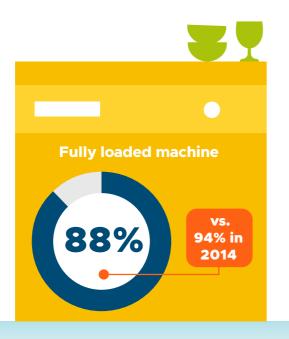


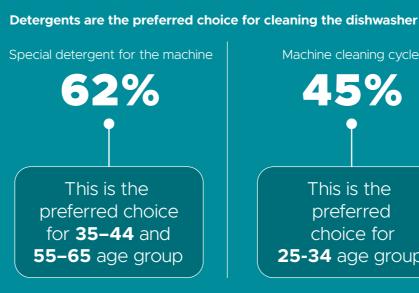
Washes/week

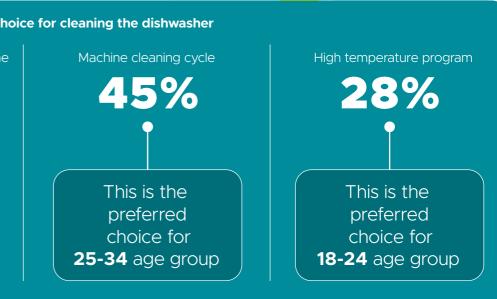














Section 1: Consumers' habits when cleaning & washing at home

#### How do consumers access information on products?

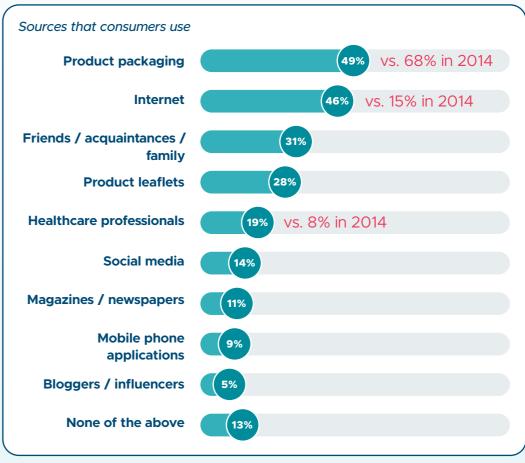
Consumers' interest in digital information remains constant over the past decade. Packaging and the internet are currently the top two sources to access information on detergents and maintenance products. Although healthcare professionals are considered a reliable or very reliable source of information, less than one quarter of people use them as a source of information.







Only **14%** of consumers currently uses an app related to household products. **43%** of consumers would be interested in an app dedicated to detergents and maintenance products

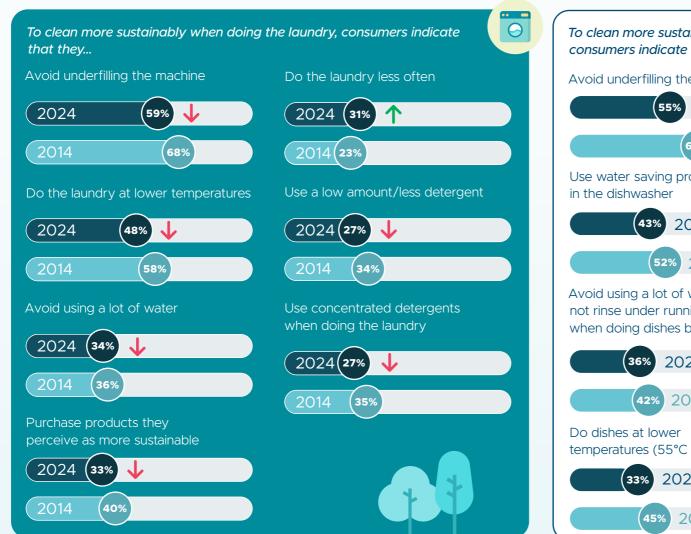




Section 1: Consumers' habits when cleaning & washing at home

# How sustainable are consumers' laundering and dishwashing habits?

Consumers' personal sustainability behaviours in doing the laundry and the dishes have declined over the years. Fewer consumers are using low temperatures programmes, purchasing sustainable detergents and avoiding underfilling the machine. However, the number of consumers doing the laundry less often has increased in the past decade.



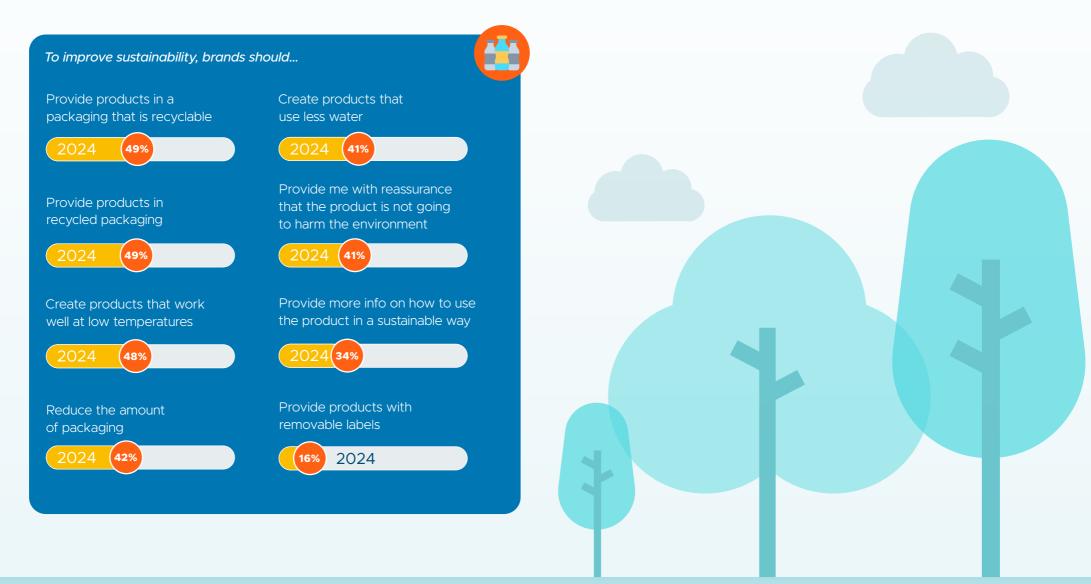




**Section 1:** Consumers' habits when cleaning & washing at home

# How can industry brands drive sustainability?

When asked what brands could undertake to improve sustainability, nearly 50% of consumers mention packaging in their top three actions. Equally high is creating products that work well at low temperatures.

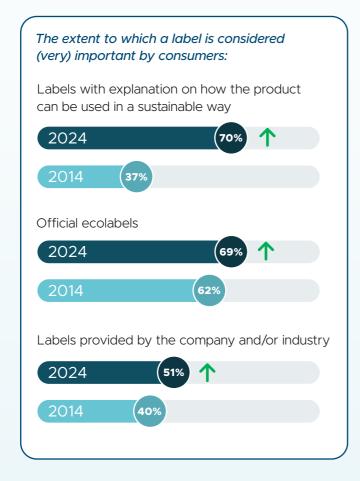


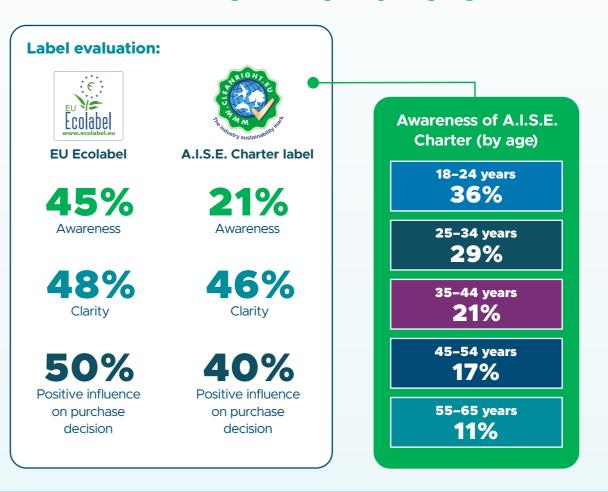


**Section 1:** Consumers' habits when cleaning & washing at home

#### How do consumers consider sustainability labels?

Sustainability labels have a positive influence on consumers' choices when buying products. In addition, both the EU Ecolabel and the A.I.S.E. Charter for Sustainable Cleaning are well understood to nearly half of consumers reading the label. Overall, more than half of consumers consider company / industry labels important - awareness of the A.I.S.E. Charter is stronger among the younger generations.







Section 2

# Cleanliness & hygiene perceptions and habits - highlights

89%

an infectious disease

Cleaning and hygiene at home helps me avoid getting 73%

the cleaning & hygiene products industry protects our health and keeps our homes clean & hygienic

91%

When my place is clean, it gives me peace of mind

**Perceptions** of cleanliness & hygiene

31%

only use a disinfectant when cleaning their home or washing their clothes when they think there may be harmful bacteria or viruses



83%

Cleanliness and hygiene are important in public transport **76%** 

the cleaning & hygiene products industry protects our health and keeps hospitals and other public places clean & hygienic

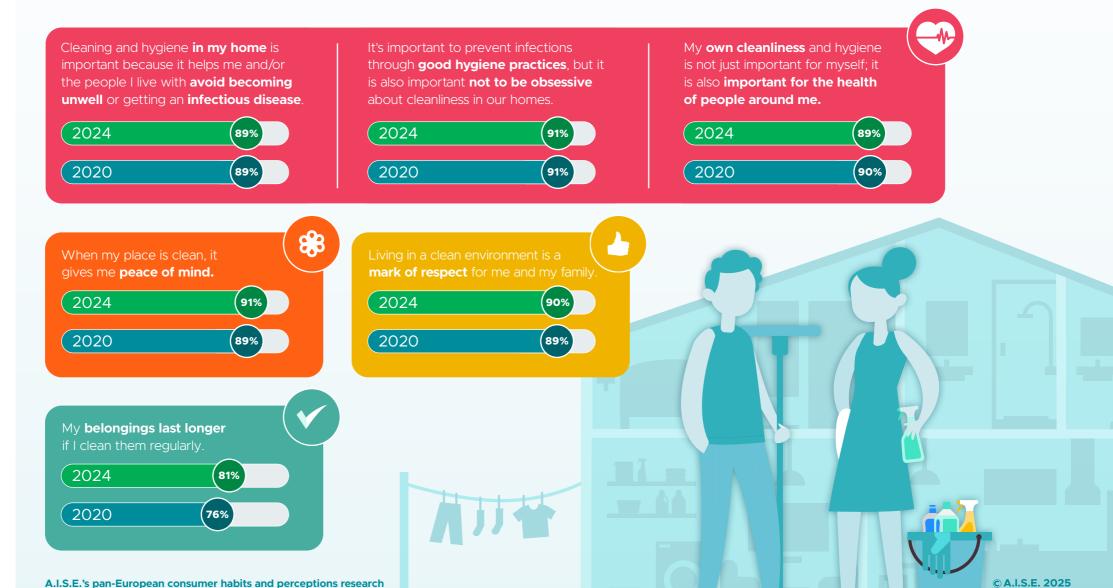




Section 2: Cleanliness & hygiene perceptions and habits

#### How do consumers perceive cleanliness & hygiene at home?

European citizens genuinely care about hygiene and cleanliness at home - this continues to have high importance since the COVID-19 pandemic. Consumers value the benefits of a clean home and understand that hygiene is important for their health by preventing the spread of infection.





Section 2: Cleanliness & hygiene perceptions and habits

# How do consumers perceive cleanliness & hygiene outside the home?

COVID-19 has reinforced that cleanliness and hygiene in public spaces are important to European citizens, and they are eager to learn more about professional cleaning standards.



Cleanliness and hygiene are important when I take public transportation e.g. in a metro, on a bus, in an airport or railway station

2020

83%

2017

77%

I feel uncomfortable and less inclined to buy something when I am in a **shop** or a **supermarket**, if I perceive the environment as dirty.

2020

79%

2017

79%



I would like to be sure that the surroundings and the food my children eat when they are at **school** are in line with high quality hygiene standards.

2020

71%

2017

71%

There is no 2024 consumer data on this topic.



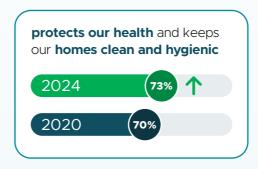
Section 2: Cleanliness & hygiene perceptions and habits

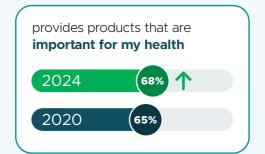
# How do consumers perceive the cleaning & hygiene industry?

Overall, there is an increasingly positive perception of the industry. Despite regional differences, consumers believe that this industry supplies products that are important for their health.

#### The cleaning and hygiene products industry...

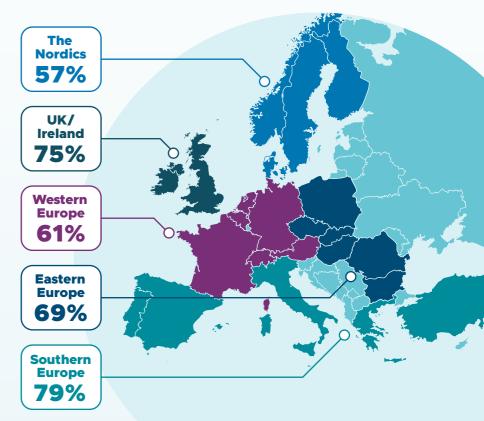








#### ...provides products that are important for my health





Section 2: Cleanliness & hygiene perceptions and habits

# Do consumers understand how hygiene prevents infections?

The majority of consumers understand the purpose of cleaning to remove visible dirt and the role of a disinfectant to kill bacteria. However, there is confusion over the concept of hygiene, which is all actions that help prevent the spread of infection especially through cleaning, and under certain circumstances disinfection.

# **European citizens have different interpretations** of the terms "cleaning" and "hygiene."

"What does the word hygiene mean to you and how is it different from cleaning?"



When questioned about which statement they agree with, results below show that there is lack of proper understanding by EU citizens of how cleaning vs disinfection practices actually work to reduce contamination on risk surfaces.

Using a disinfectant when cleaning my home means I can get rid of more bacteria etc than if I just clean it:

(40%)

Cleaners get rid of bacteria etc by removing them from surfaces, disinfectants kill the bacteria etc on surfaces

(40%)

Cleaners and disinfectants do the same thing – they get rid of bacteria etc from surfaces





**Section 2:** Cleanliness & hygiene perceptions and habits

# To what extent do people's perceptions of infection risk dictate their actions?

People's behaviour is generally linked to their perception of risk: a situation that is considered a risk for infection often prompts consumers to a common cleaning action. However, consumers sometimes overestimate the risk of certain situations.















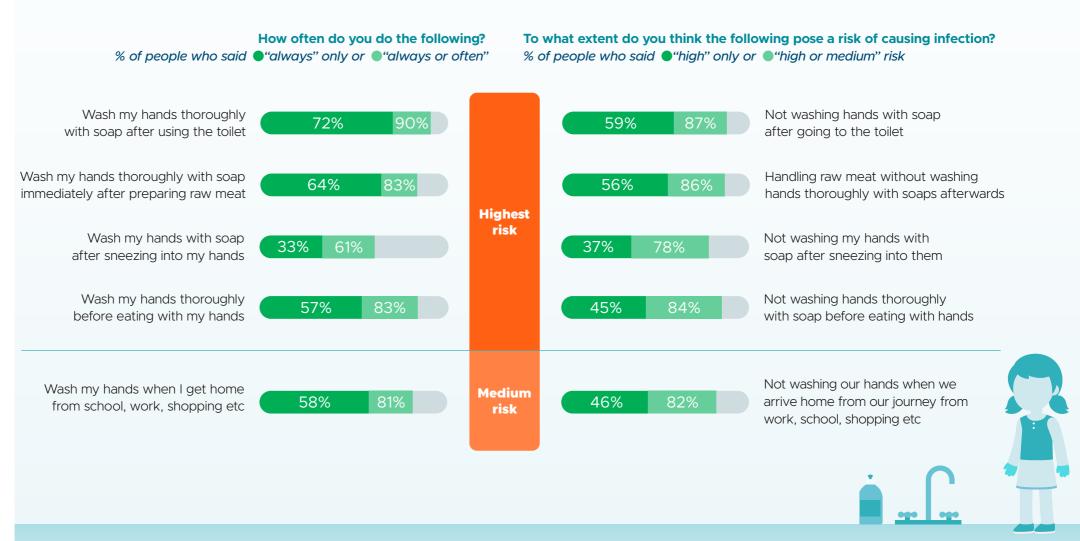




**Section 2:** Cleanliness & hygiene perceptions and habits

#### Do consumers correlate hand washing and infection prevention?

Hand washing is seen as a well-established routine, especially at times where a risk is perceived. Most consumers consider that not washing their hands at key moments poses an important infection risk.

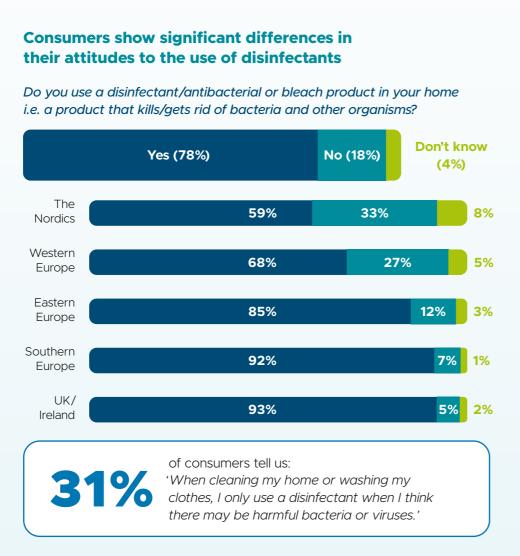


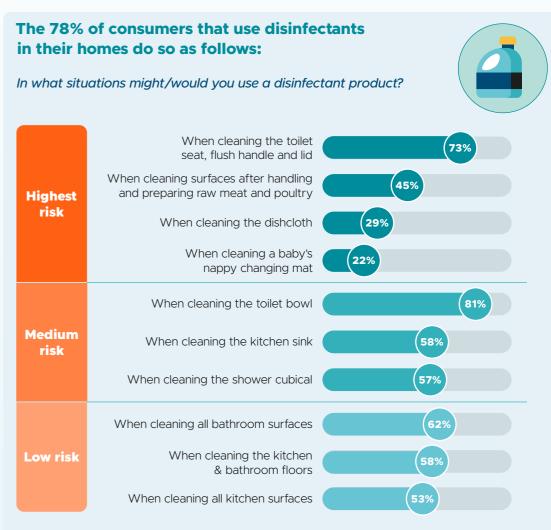


**Section 2:** Cleanliness & hygiene perceptions and habits

# When do consumers perceive the need for a disinfectant product?

The use of disinfectant products at home is high but varies widely across regions. People do not always use a disinfectant in the highest risk moments e.g. after nappy changing, and do use this product in low risk moments like floor cleaning.







# A clean house and good hygiene habits at home make all the difference to our health and wellbeing.

For sound and expert advice on cleaning your home which products to choose and how to use them safely and sustainably, visit A.I.S.E's multi-lingual consumer portal www.cleanright.eu

